POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Vision and spectral systems in automation [S2AiR2-ISA>SWiSwA]

Course			
Field of study Automatic Control and Robotics		Year/Semester 1/1	
Area of study (specialization) Intelligent Control Systems		Profile of study general academi	с
Level of study second-cycle		Course offered ir Polish	1
Form of study full-time		Requirements compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture 15	Laboratory classe 15	es	Other 0
Tutorials 0	Projects/seminars 0	3	
Number of credit points 2,00			
Coordinators		Lecturers	
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Prerequisites

Knowledge: Students starting this subject should have knowledge of automation and robotics corresponding to level 6 of the Polish Qualifications Framework, in particular knowledge of digital signal processing and programming. Skills: The student should have the ability to solve and implement problems of digital signal processing in the field of automation and robotics, as well as the ability to obtain information from specified sources. He should also understand the need to expand his competences and be ready to cooperate in a team. Social competences: In addition, in the area of social competences, the student must exhibit such qualities as honesty, responsibility, perseverance, cognitive curiosity, creativity, personal culture, respect for other people.

Course objective

1. To provide students with knowledge regarding the construction, operation and use of vision and spectral sensors. 2. Developing students' skills in using digital signal processing algorithms on data from vision and spectral sensors. 3. Developing in students the importance of knowledge of technology and recommendations related to the construction and programming of data exchange interfaces.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

1. Student has detailed knowledge of the construction and use of advanced sensory systems; [K2 W6]

2. has knowledge of development trends and the most important new achievements in the field of automation and robotics and related scientific disciplines [K2_W12]

Skills:

1. Student is able to use advanced methods of signal processing and analysis, including video signal and extract information from the analyzed signals; [K2_U11]

2. is able to integrate and program specialized robotic systems; [K2_U12]

3. is able to select and integrate elements of a specialized measuring and control system including: control unit, executive system, measuring system as well as peripheral and communication modules; [K2_U13]

4. is able to assess the usefulness and possibility of using new achievements (including techniques and technologies) in the field of automation and robotics; [K2_U16]

Social competences:

1. The student is aware of the need for a professional approach to technical issues, meticulous familiarization with the documentation and environmental conditions in which devices and their components can function; [K2_K4]

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Formative assessment:

a) in the scope of lectures:

based on homework assignments and answers to questions about the material discussed in previous lectures,

b) in the scope of the laboratory:

based on assessment of knowledge and understanding of current issues presented in the course of the subject.

Summative rating:

a) in the scope of lectures, verification of assumed learning outcomes is carried out by:

i. assessment of knowledge and skills demonstrated on the written credit in the form of a test

ii. discussion of passing results.

b) in the scope of laboratory, verification of assumed learning outcomes is carried out by:

i. assessment of student's preparation for individual classes,

ii. continuous assessment, during each class (oral answers) - rewarding the increase in the ability to use known principles and methods,

iii. assessment of tasks prepared partly during classes and also after their completion.

Obtaining additional points for activity during classes, in particular for:

i. independent construction of the control and measurement system with vision and spectral sensors and preparation of documentation,

ii. effectiveness of applying the acquired knowledge while solving a given problem

iii. comments related to the improvement of teaching materials.

Programme content

Tools and programming environments related to the lecture topics Selected issues of detection and classification Selected issues of image processing Application of video coupling in control

Course topics

The lecture program includes the following topics:

1. Hardware aspects of image processing: basic concepts of optics and digital cameras

2. Working environment using Linux, Python programming language, GUI programming, specialized computer vision libraries

3. Viola-Jones detector: principle of operation, ways to use, creating your own detectors, use in control

4. Object classification using PCA (principal component analysis): principle of operation, creating your own detection systems, use in control

5. Basic morphological transformations, use in automation systems

6. Application of artificial neural networks for vision control.

The program of laboratory classes includes:

1. Basic operations related to hardware image processing: image-based calculations, basic image processing methods

2. Detection using V-J

- 3. Image classification and data dimensionality reduction principal component analysis (PCA)
- 4. Creation of custom detectors
- 5. Use of visual feedback in control.

Teaching methods

1. Lecture: multimedia presentation illustrated with literature data and sample projects

2. Laboratory classes: the use of a system with a vision and / or spectral sensor, an environment for collecting and processing digital signals.

Bibliography

Basic:

1. Machine Learning-Based Multifunctional Optical Spectrum Analysis Technique, 2019, https://doi.org/10.1109/ACCESS.2019.2895409

 Calibration-Free WMS Using a cw-DFB-QCL, a VCSEL, and an Edge-Emitting DFB Laser With In-Situ Real-Time Laser Parameter Characterization, 2017, https://doi.org/10.1109/JPHOT.2017.2655141
Stereopsis-Inspired Time-Stretched Amplified Real-Time Spectrometer (STARS), 2012, https://doi.org/10.1109/JPHOT.2012.2213588

4. A New RAM Normalized 1f-WMS Technique for the Measurement of Gas Parameters in Harsh Environments and a Comparison With 2f / 1f, 2018, https://doi.org/10.1109/JPHOT.2018.2883548 5. Spectral Workbench documentation, https://spectralworkbench.org/ [2020-04]

6. HITRAN database, https://hitran.org/

7. Computer Vision, Richard Szeliski, Springer 2011

8. Rapid object detection using a boosted cascade of simple features, P. Viola i M. Jones,

Proceedings of the 2001 IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition. CVPR 2001.

Additional:

1. A Controllable DCCS-Based PT Temperature Sensor in High Precision Molecular Spectroscopy Application, 2020, https://doi.org/10.1109/ACCESS.2020.2977163

2. Fully Integrated Optical Spectrometer in Visible and Near-IR in CMOS, 2017,

https://doi.org/10.1109/TBCAS.2017.2774603

3. A Highly Sensitive Optical Sensor Design by Integrating a Circular-Hole Defect With an Etched Diffraction Grating Spectrometer on an Amorphous-Silicon Photonic Chip, 2012, https://doi.org/10.1109/JPHOT.2012.2188097

4. High-Resolution Compact On-Chip Spectrometer Based on an Echelle Grating With Densely Packed Waveguide Array, 2019, https://doi.org/10.1109/JPHOT.2018.2888592

5. "Handbook of Machine Vision", ed. A. Hornberg, Willey 2006.

6. P. Kluczyński K. Siembab, J. Derezynski, M. Straszewski, J. Peziak, D. Luczak, S. Tomczyk, M. Suski, A. Wojcik, Multi-component Mid-IR tunable laser analyzers for process control, Mirsens 4 - International workshop on opprtunities and challengs in mid-infrared laser-based gas sensing, 15-17 May 2017, Wroclaw, Poland

7. P. Kluczynski K. Siembab, J. Derezynski, M. Straszewski, S. Tomczyk, J. Peziak, D. Luczak, Multicomponent tunable laser analyzers for process control, ISA Analysis Division Symposium, 22-26 April 2017, Pasadena, USA

 K. Urbański, Visual Feedback for Control using Haar-Like Classifier to Identify the Quadcopter Position, The 23rd International Conference on Methods and Models in Automation and Robotics, 2018.
K. Urbański, Control of the Quadcopter Position Using Visual Feedback, The 18th International Conference on Mechatronics - Mechatronika, 2018.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	60	2,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	30	1,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	30	1,00